

Appendix 2

YANKALILLA CHILDREN'S CENTRESPECIFIC GUIDELINES FOR THE EXCLUSION OF SICK AND/OR CHILDREN RECORDED AS NON-IMMUNISED
Sourced from sahealth.sa.gov.au (2017)

CONDITION	EXCLUSION OF CASE	EXCLUSION OF CONTACT
Amoebiasis (<i>Entamoeba histolytica</i>)	Exclude until no diarrhoea for 24 hours	Not excluded
Campylobacter infection	Exclude until there has not been a loose bowel motion for 24 hours	Not excluded
Cytomegalovirus (CMV) infection	Exclusion is not necessary	Not excluded
Chicken pox	Exclude until all blisters have dried (usually 5 days for non-immunised children – less for immunised children)	Any child with an immune deficiency (ie leukaemia) or receiving chemotherapy Otherwise, not excluded
Common cold	Exclusion is not necessary, but if a person feels unwell they should stay home,	Not excluded
Conjunctivitis	Exclude until discharge from eyes has stopped (unless doctor has diagnosed non-infectious conjunctivitis – then not excluded)	Not excluded
Cold sores (herpes simplex type 1, fever blisters)	Young children and others unable to comply with good hygiene practices should be excluded while lesion is weeping. Lesions should be covered by a dressing where possible)	Not excluded
Cryptosporidium infection	Exclude until no diarrhoea for 24 hours	Not excluded
Diphtheria	Exclude until medical certificate of recovery from SA Health's Communicable Disease Control Branch is received following at least two negative throat swabs, the first not less than 24 hours after finishing a course of antibiotic's and the second, at least the next 48 hours later	Exclude contacts living in the same house until cleared by SA Health's Communicable Disease Control Branch
Diarrhoea (no organism identified)	Exclude until no loose bowel motion for 24 hours	Not excluded
Giardia infection	Exclude until no loose bowel motion for 24 hours	Not excluded
Food Poisoning		Not excluded
Glandular Fever	Exclusion is NOT Necessary	Not excluded
Hand, foot and Mouth Disease	Exclude until all blister are dry	Not excluded
Haemophilus Influenza Type B (HIB) infection	Exclude until person has received appropriate antibiotic treatment for at least 4 days	Not excluded
Head Lice (pediculosis)	Exclude until appropriate treatment has commenced	Not excluded
Hepatitis A	Exclude until medical certificate of recovery is received, and until at least 7 days after onset of jaundice or illness	Not excluded
Hepatitis B	Exclusion is NOT necessary	Not excluded
Hepatitis C	Exclusion is NOT necessary	Not excluded
Hepatitis D	Exclusion is NOT necessary	Not excluded
Hepatitis E	Exclude for 2 weeks after illness onset, or if jaundice (yellow eyes or skin) occurs, for 7 days after the onset of jaundice.	Not excluded

CONDITION	EXCLUSION OF CASE	EXCLUSION OF CONTACT
Herpes simplex infection, type 1	See cold sores	
Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV)	Exclusion is NOT necessary. If the person is severely immune suppressed, he or she will be vulnerable to other people's infection	Not excluded
Hydatid disease	Exclusion NOT Necessary	Not Excluded
Impetigo	See school sores.	
Influenza and influenza-like illnesses	Exclude until well	Not excluded
Legionnaires disease	Exclusion NOT Necessary	Not excluded
Leprosy	Exclude until clearance has been given by an infectious diseases physician, dermatologist or SA Health Communicable Disease Control Branch	Not excluded
Measles	Exclude for at least 4 days after onset of the rash.	Immunised and immune contacts are not excluded. Non-immunised contacts are excluded from childcare until 14 days after rash onset in the last case in the facility, unless given vaccine (within 72 hours of first exposure) or Normal Human Immunoglobulin (within 144 hours of first exposure). All immune suppressed children should be excluded until 14 days after rash onset in facility.
Meningitis (bacterial)	Exclude until appropriate antibiotics	Not excluded
Meningitis (Viral)	Exclude until well	Not excluded
Meningococcal Infection	Exclude until appropriate antibiotic treatment completed and until well	Not excluded
Molluscum contagiosum	Exclusion is NOT necessary	Not excluded
Methicillin resistant Staphylococcus aureus (MRSA) skin infection	Exclusion is NOT necessary unless infected skin lesions on exposed surfaces cannot be completely covered with a dressing.	Not excluded
Mumps	Exclude for 5 days after onset of swelling	Not excluded
Norovirus	Exclude until no vomiting or diarrhoea for 24 hours	Not excluded
Parvovirus infection (fifth disease, erythema infectiosum, slapped cheek syndrome)	Exclusion is not necessary	Not excluded
Pertussis	See whooping cough	Not excluded
Respiratory syncytial virus (RSV) infection	Exclusion is NOT necessary	Not excluded
Ringworm/ tinea	Exclude until day after appropriate treatment has commenced	Not excluded

Rotavirus infection	Exclude until no vomiting or diarrhoea for 24 hours	Not excluded
Ross River Virus	Exclusion is NOT necessary	Not excluded
Rubella (German Measles)	Exclude until fully recovered or for at least 4 days after the onset of the rash	Not excluded
Salmonella infection	Exclude until no loose bowel motion for 24 hours	Not excluded
Scabies	Exclude until the day after appropriate treatment has commenced	Not excluded
Shigella infection	Exclude until there has not been a loose bowel motion for 24 hours	Not excluded

CONDITION	EXCLUSION OF CASE	EXCLUSION OF CONTACT
Shingles	Exclude until blisters have dried up unless rash can be covered with a dry dressing or clothing so others are not exposed	Not excluded
Scarlet fever	See Streptococcal sore throat	
School Sores (Impetigo)	Exclude until appropriate antibiotic treatment has started. Any sores on exposed skin should be covered with a watertight dressing.	Not excluded
Streptococcal sore throats (including scarlet fever)	Exclude until the person has received antibiotic treatment for at least 24 hours and feels well.	Not excluded
Thrush (Candidiasis)	Exclusion is NOT Necessary	Not excluded
Toxoplasmosis	Not Excluded	Not excluded
Tuberculosis (TB)	Exclude until medical certificate is produced from SA Tuberculosis Service of SA Health	Not excluded
Typhoid paratyphoid	Exclude until clearance has been given by a doctor or SA Health's Communicable Disease Control Branch	Not excluded unless considered necessary by SA Health's Communicable Disease Control Branch
Varicella-zoster	See chicken pox or shingles	
Viral gastroenteritis (viral diarrhoea)	Exclude until no diarrhoea for 24 hours	Not excluded
Vomiting (more than once)	Exclude until person has not vomited for 24 hours	Not excluded
Worms	Exclude if loose bowel motions are occurring Exclusion is not necessary if treatment has occurred	Not excluded
Warts (common flat and plantar)	Exclusion is not necessary	Not excluded
Whooping Cough	Exclude from childcare, school or workplace and similar setting until 5 days after starting antibiotic treatment, or for 21 days from the start of any cough	For exclusion contacts in a childcare setting, seek advice from SA Health's Communicable Disease Control Branch. Usually, childcare contacts (in the same childcare group or room) and household contacts of the case who are under 6 months of age and have received less than 3 doses of pertussis containing vaccine should be excluded from childcare for 14 days from the first exposure to the infectious case, unless he or she has completed 5 days of recommended antibiotic treatment, after which he or she may return to childcare.
Yersinia infection	Exclude until no diarrhoea for 24 hours	Not excluded